

# Mathematical Foundations

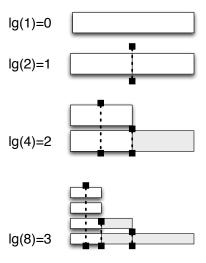
Data Science: Jordan Boyd-Graber University of Maryland SLIDES ADAPTED FROM DAVE BLEI AND LAUREN HANNAH

# Entropy

- Measure of disorder in a system
- In the real world, entroy in a system tends to increase
- Can also be applied to probabilities:
  - Is one (or a few) outcomes certain (low entropy)
  - Are things equiprobable (high entropy)
- In data science
  - We look for features that allow us to reduce entropy (decision trees)
  - All else being equal, we seek models that have <u>maximum</u> entropy (Occam's razor)

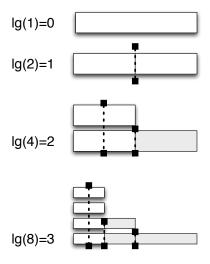


# Aside: Logarithms



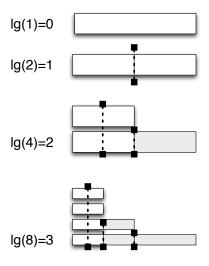
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- Makes big numbers small
- Way to think about them: cutting a carrot

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- $\lg(x) = b \Leftrightarrow 2^b = x$
- Makes big numbers small
- Way to think about them: cutting a carrot
- Negative numbers?
- Non-integers?

# Entropy

*Entropy* is a measure of uncertainty that is associated with the distribution of a random variable:

$$H(X) = -E[lg(p(X))]$$
  
=  $-\sum_{x} p(x) lg(p(x))$  (discrete)  
=  $-\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(x) lg(p(x)) dx$  (continuous)

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Does not account for the values of the random variable, only the spread of the distribution.

- $H(X) \ge 0$
- uniform distribution = highest entropy, point mass = lowest

• suppose 
$$P(X = 1) = p$$
,  $P(X = 0) = 1 - p$  and  $P(Y = 100) = p$ ,  $P(Y = 0) = 1 - p$ : *X* and *Y* have the same entropy

#### Wrap up

- Probabilities are the language of data science
- You'll need to manipulate probabilities and understand marginalization and independence
- Thursday: Working through probability examples
- Next week: Conditional probabilities