

Peer-to-peer Networking Research

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P2P Research Focus at UMIACS

- unstructured, decentralized distributed systems
- distributed digital archiving
- emergent behaviors

Unstructured Decentralized Systems

S. Bhattacharjee, M.A. Marsh
with Jonathan Katz, Aravind Srinivasan

decentralized distributed systems useful
– pub/sub, PKI, privacy-presrv. distribution

important components: naming, **lookup**
– efficient **structured** lookup exists
– we introduce efficient **unstructured** lookup

Decentralized PKI

centralized PKI

- does **not** scale
- requires **trusted infrastructure**

decentralized PKI

- (potentially) **scales well**
- trust needed along **query/response path**

trust relations not likely to adhere to particular structure \Rightarrow **efficient unstructured lookup**

Trust Networks

S. Bhattacharjee, M.A. Marsh
with J. Katz, A. Srinivasan

trusted peers

- more likely to store data
- retrieved data more likely correct

“small-world” phenomenon in social networks

- high-trust path likely for any two individuals

good behavior rewarded, bad behavior punished

- game theory

Trust Inference

peers that know each other have **direct trust values**

most peers will not have direct trust values

- have to infer **indirect** trust values

is the peer **reliable**?

which peer is **more** reliable?

- multiple public keys presented for one name

Robust Efficient Lookup

S. Bhattacharjee, M.A. Marsh
with A. Srinivasan

identifier lookup

unstructured networks \Rightarrow flooding $O(n)$

distributed hash tables $\Rightarrow O(\log n)$

Local Minima Search on unstructured networks

better than flooding

almost as good as DHT (mostly) $\Rightarrow O(n^{1/4})$

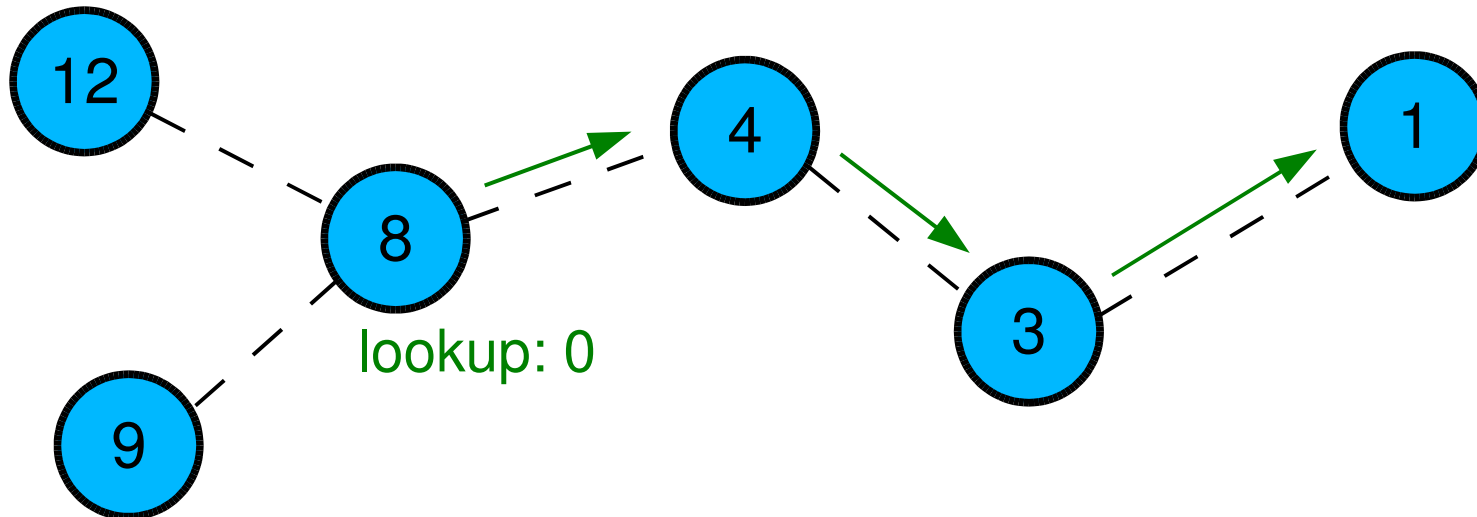
Finding Local Minima

virtualized namespace

peers “hashed” to uniformly-distributed IDs
objects hashed to same ID space

local minimum

peer with ID closest to object ID in its neighborhood

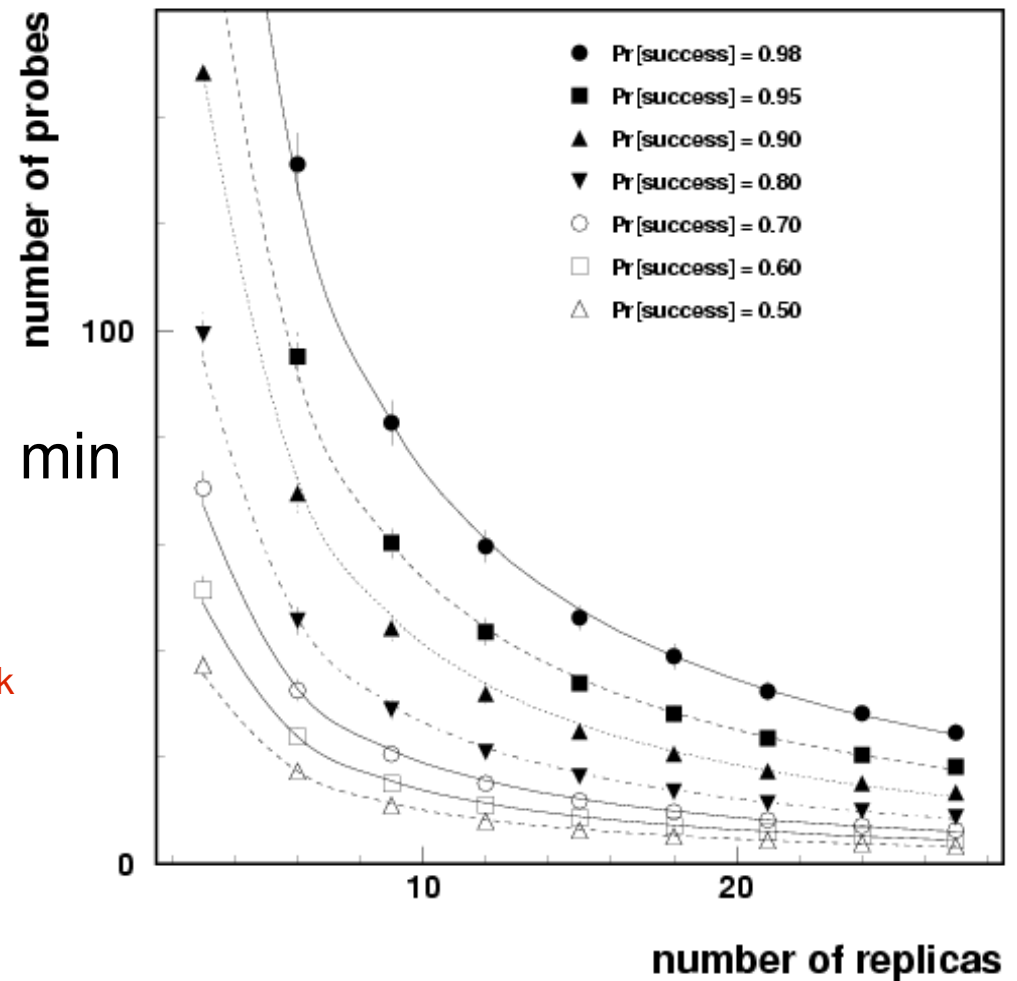


Random Local Minima

unique local min from any peer
basin of attraction for a local min

random walks \Rightarrow random basins
mult lookups \Rightarrow **different** local min
k distinct local minima
replicas at **r**
s search probes, $\Pr[\text{fail}] \leq e^{-rs/k}$

iso-success curves



Adaptive Replication

peers – only local information

⇒ **how many replicas** to place?

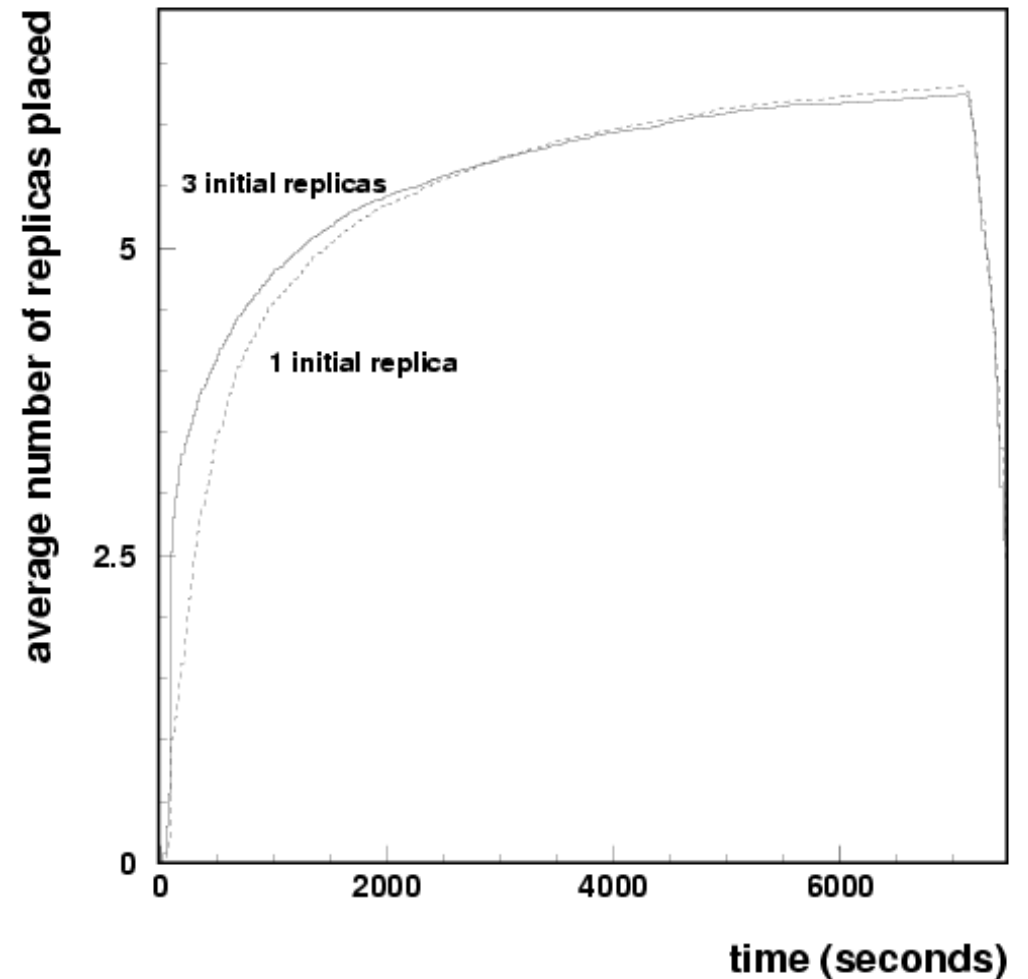
use **successful lookups**

send **s** back to owner

compute average $\langle s \rangle$

desired $r = F(\langle s \rangle)$

adaptive protocol



Distributed Digital Archiving

J. JaJa, Qingmin Shi

increasing digitization of documents

- good for short-term availability
- long-term risk **losing cultural/historical items**

leverage work on decentralized systems

- scale of problem
 - ⇒ decentralized, distributed solution

Distributed Digital Archiving

trust might not be significant issue

– even libraries do not always trust each other

equipment failures much more likely

⇒ replication critical

peers have limited resources

⇒ load balancing shifts data to less-used peers

Distributed Digital Archiving

$O(\log n)$ for all ops, including key range search

load balancing incurs amortized **constant** overhead

d-fold replication

- divide peers into d **virtual peers**
- each virtual peer has **version** index
- **skip graph** of virtual peers w/ particular version

pilot archive: UMD, SDSC, NARA

Decentralized Systems

digital archiving, unstructured networks work done independently

- seem to be converging

 - replication

 - efficient lookup

- combining efforts likely to benefit both

Emergent Network Behaviors

M.A. Marsh

with John Blake, Walt Kaechele, Dany Smith

large p2p networks common

peers run **multiple** protocols

TCP/IP, BitTorrent, Gnutella, . . .

⇒ complex interactions

self-similarity (eg, Internet traffic)

all point to **complex systems**

– often **chaotic**

– can lead to **emergent behaviors**

Emergent Network Behaviors

emergent behaviors not well studied

can be critical for security/stability of network

- **spontaneous** network failures
- **induced** long-range effects:
 - “ringing”
 - “seizures”

Emergent Network Behaviors

experiments on large-scale systems unfeasible

rely on **simulations**

- networks up to size of Internet
- timescales from μs to days

target for preliminary results ~6 months

simulation framework likely useful elsewhere